Предисловие

Разнородность класса в плане способностей учащихся к изучению иностранного языка и к учению в целом – объективная реальность.

Разноуровневое обучение предоставляет возможность выровнять расслоение класса. Для этого используются разноуровневые задания, которые создают условия для продвижения школьников в учебе в соответствии с их возможностями. При этом успех последовательного преодоления первых, более простых, этапов заданий является стимулом для повышения познавательной активности учащихся. Таким образом создается положительная мотивация к учению, а следовательно, и возможность перехода из группы базового уровня в среднюю, а затем и в группу повышенного уровня.

Предлагаемые разноуровневые задания делятся на три группы: A, B, C (узнавание, дифференциация, творчество). Упражнения начинаются с простейших заданий с последующим возрастанием уровня сложности. Разноуровневые задания могут быть использованы учителем на разных этапах обучения, включая контроль, который является одной из эффективных форм образовательного процесса.

Объем заданий и время выполнения зависят от уровня подготовки учащихся группы. Упражнения для учащихся 6 класса включают ряд новых форм изложения материала. Некоторые из них (уровня С) являются заданиями повышенной сложности.

Невозможно дотянуть всех учащихся до единого уровня. Но создать условия каждому школьнику учиться в меру своих сил и потребностей — реальная необходимость учебно-воспитательного процесса нашего времени.

Объем и содержание предлагаемого материала для упражнений дают возможность учителю варьировать и дозировать задания.

Каждый ученик имеет возможность последовательно осваивать уровни заданий и достигать более высоких результатов. Упражнения могут быть использованы как для работы на уроке, так и для самостоятельных дополнительных занятий дома.

ЛЕКСИКА

Launching the International Explorers' Club - 1, 2



1.	Bring the words in correspondence with the right translation. Write
	down the pairs. (Установите соответствие между словами и их пе-
	реводом. Запишите получившиеся пары.)

cycling увлечения јogging долина короткие стихи valley езда на велосипеде hobbies исследовать бег трусцой

2. Divide the chain into five expressions and word combinations. Write them down. (Разделите цепочку на пять выражений и словосочетаний. Запишите их.)

Launchingtheinternationalexplorers'clubmeetingnewfriendsontheonehand ontheotherhandroundtheworldliketravelling.

3. Write down the sentence. Cross out the wrong statement. (Спишите предложение. Зачеркните неверное утверждение.)

Cycling trips are exciting, healthy, interesting, easy, uncomfortable, cheap, difficult, dangerous and not expensive.

4. Write what you can do while travelling. What statement is wrong? (Напишите, что вы можете делать, когда путешествуете. Какое утверждение неверно?)

I can take photos, go fishing, visit museums, go sightseeing, swim and sunbathe, make much noise, play different games, explore nature.



1.	Choose the appropriate description and write down the sentences.
	(Выберите подходящее по смыслу описание и запишите предло-
	жения.)
	1) Cycling trips are (spicy / wealthy / healthy)
	2) Jogging is (truthful / useful / wonderful)
	3) Exploration is visiting different (wonders / countries / hundreds)
	4) In the valley there were a lot of (trees / seas / with)
	5) Limerick is the (game / name / same) of a large Irish city.
	6) Hobby is something we (hike / like / bike) to do.
	7) Koalas are (usual / useful / unusual) animals.
	8) We visited (numerals / numerous / numbers) sights of London.
	9) Our trip depends upon the (weather / treasure / together)

Correct the mistakes in the following expressions and word combinations. Write down the right versions. (Исправьте ошибки в следующих выражениях и словосочетаниях. Запишите правильные варианты.)
 Launching the International Explorers Club Meating new friends On one hand, on the other hand Found the world To like travelling
Fill in the gaps with the appropriate words. Write down the sentences. (Вставьте вместо пропусков подходящие по смыслу слова. Запишите получившиеся предложения.)
 I like cycling trips because they are (healthy / wealthy) I am fond of jogging because it is (useful / truthful) I have just read that (exploration / examination) is visiting different countries.
4) Cycling is rather (expensive / cheap)5) Exploration is rather (different / dangerous)
Choose the appropriate words. Write down the sentences. (Выберите подходящие по смыслу слова. Запишите получившиеся предложения.)
 Travelling by car you can (hope / drop / stop) at any moment. Travelling by bike you depend on the (whether / weather / together) Travelling by train you can (sweep / sleep / clip) a lot. Travelling by plane you can (safe / save / say) time.
C
Complete the sentences using the appropriate words. (Закончите предложения, используя подходящие по смыслу слова.) 1) Cycling is rather
предложения, используя подходящие по смыслу слова.) 1) Cycling is rather 2) Jogging is very
предложения, используя подходящие по смыслу слова.) 1) Cycling is rather 2) Jogging is very 3) What new countries did they? 4) We can see a nice river in this
предложения, используя подходящие по смыслу слова.) 1) Cycling is rather 2) Jogging is very 3) What new countries did they?
предложения, используя подходящие по смыслу слова.) 1) Cycling is rather 2) Jogging is very 3) What new countries did they? 4) We can see a nice river in this 5) Limerick is a name of
предложения, используя подходящие по смыслу слова.) 1) Cycling is rather 2) Jogging is very 3) What new countries did they? 4) We can see a nice river in this 5) Limerick is a name of 6) Jogging is my Complete the sentences using the appropriate words. (Закончите предложения, используя подходящие по смыслу слова.) 1) He told us about our International Explorers' Club.
предложения, используя подходящие по смыслу слова.) 1) Cycling is rather 2) Jogging is very 3) What new countries did they? 4) We can see a nice river in this 5) Limerick is a name of 6) Jogging is my Complete the sentences using the appropriate words. (Закончите предложения, используя подходящие по смыслу слова.) 1) He told us about our International Explorers' Club. 2) Meeting new friends is always very 3) On the one hand I am very on the other hand not
предложения, используя подходящие по смыслу слова.) 1) Cycling is rather 2) Jogging is very 3) What new countries did they? 4) We can see a nice river in this 5) Limerick is a name of 6) Jogging is my Complete the sentences using the appropriate words. (Закончите предложения, используя подходящие по смыслу слова.) 1) He told us about our International Explorers' Club. 2) Meeting new friends is always very

- 3. Write some sentences about your cycling. The questions will help you. (Напишите несколько предложений о своей поездке на велосипеде. Вопросы помогут вам.)
 - 1) When did you start your cycling?
 - 2) Was it dangerous?
 - 3) Who started with you?
 - 4) What interesting did you see?
 - 5) Was your cycling cheap or expensive?
 - 6) How far did you travel?
 - 7) Was it a long travel?
 - 8) Were you happy and why?
 - 9) When are you going to have your next journey?
 - 10) Who are you going to travel with?
- 4. Write down what you can do and see travelling by car, by bike, by train, by plane, on foot. (Напишите, что вы можете делать и увидеть, путешествуя на машине, на велосипеде, поездом, самолетом или пешком.)

Launching the International Explorers' Club - 3



1. Bring the words in correspondence with the right translation. Write down the pairs. (Установите соответствие между словами и их переводом. Запишите получившиеся пары.)

waterfall мощный powerful разделять height скала separate высота desert водопад cliff пустыня wonder уникальный unique чудо

- 2. Write down the sentences. Write out the words: uccnedosamb, pacnonomehb, momhbi, sblcokuŭ, nonoh. (Перепишите предложения. Выпишите слова: uccnedosamb, pacnonomehb, momhbi, sblcokuŭ, nonoh.)
 - 1) The Curonian Spit is the high moving sand-dune.
 - 2) The Niagara Falls are very powerful waterfalls.
 - 3) The Great Barrier Reef is full of bright corals, fish and plants.
 - 4) Many interesting wonders of nature are situated in England.
 - 5) Scientists try to explore the wonders of the world.
- 3. Divide the chain into four word combinations. (Разделите цепочку на четыре словосочетания.)
- **6** Thewhitecliffsofdoverniagarafallsthecuronianspitthegreatbarrierreef.



1.	Choose the appropriate words and write down the sentences. (Выберите подходящие по смыслу слова и запишите получившиеся предложения.)
	 The Curonian Spit (defends / decorates / separates) the Curonian Lagoon from the Baltic Sea. Niagara Falls are very (useful / powerful / truthful) waterfalls. A desert is a place with a lot of (hand / land / sand) The (sight / height / right) of the Curonian Spit is from thirty five to sixty metres. It is very difficult to climb the White (reefs / lips / cliffs) Oceans are full of (unite / unique / union) animals.
2.	Choose the appropriate words and write down the sentences. (Выберите подходящие по смыслу слова и запишите получившиеся предложения.)
	 Do you know the (higher / height / highest) mountain in the world? Are the sounds of the wind very (useful / power / powerful)? Is our world (pool / rule / full) of wonders? What is the (white / height / fight) of the highest mountain in the world? Where is your (Explorer's / Explorers / Explorers') Club (graduated / separated / situated)? Niagara Falls are a (nosy / lazy / noisy) wonder.
3.	Choose the appropriate words and fill in the gaps. Write down the sentences. (Выберите подходящие по смыслу слова и вставьте их вместо пропусков. Запишите получившиеся предложения.) 1) Niagara (falls / feels / false) are my favourite wonder. 2) The Curonian (street / spir / spirit) is a very long sand-dune (spit / street / spirit) 3) The White (clips / crisps / cliffs) became one of the official symbols of Britain. 4) The Great Barrier (read / reef / roof) is the famous collection of corals.
	C
1.	Choose and write down the words connected with the following ones. (Выберите и запишите слова, связанные с приведенными ниже.)
	1) waterfalls – 4) valley – 2) desert – 5) ocean – 3) cliffs – 6) mountain – Crosa ∂πη cnnasoκ: large, great, plants, animals, heautiful, hike.

Слова для справок: large, great, plants, animals, beautiful, hike, high, height, powerful, Niagara, white, water, dry, big, sand, trees, yellow, chalk, colourful, attractive, exciting, symbol.

2.	Translate the words and fill in the (Переведите слова и вставьте их в лучившиеся предложения.)	- -
	1) What are (самый высокий водопад 2) The water world of seas and oceans 3) (Исследование) of the wonder 4) What wonders of nature (расположе 5) What is (самая высокая) mou	s is (полон) of bright colours. rs of our world is very important. ны) in the Russian Federation?
3.	Fill in the gaps with the appropriate (Вставьте вместо пропусков подход те получившиеся предложения.) 1) Niagara Falls are very high	
	2) The Curonian is a very long sa 3) The White are white and high. 4) The Great Barrier is situated in	
	Launching the Internation	al Explorers' Club – 4
	A	
1.	Bring the words in correspondence down the pairs. (Установите соотвереводом. Запишите получившиеся	етствие между словами и их пе-
	good-looking wavy cousin wear glasses	двоюродный(ая) брат (сестра) прямо, прямые (о волосах) красивый, приятный приятная, красивая
	handsome straight	волнистые носить очки
2.	Divide the chain into ten words. W почку на десять слов. Запишите из	•
chi	Grannyparentsgrandpaauntgrandpareildren.	entsunclecousinnephewniecegrand
3.	Write down the sentences. Underline шите предложения. Подчеркните ко 1) Belarus is not as big as Russia.	
	2) Jim is a lazy boy. He is not as good3) Sara is as good-looking as her moth4) She is as kind as her granny.	
	5) My dog is as angry as his.6) Her family is not as hospitable as h7) Seas are not as large as oceans.	is.
	8) This mountain is as high as that on 9) He has got as many photos of rare	

R



	В
1.	Write down the chains of the words. Choose an extra word in every chain. (Перепишите цепочки слов. Выберите в каждой из них лишнее слово.)
	 Good-looking, nice, beautiful, handsome, pretty, ugly, good. Wave, dark, curled, cool, fair, red, long, short. To wear glasses, to read a book, to watch TV, to look at the blackboard, to write a letter, to carry things.
2.	Write down the words. Which word is extra? (Перепишите слова. Какое слово является лишним?)
nie	Granny, grandpa, grandparents, grandchildren, parents, cousin, aunt, ece, nice, nephew.
3.	Choose the appropriate word combinations. Write down the sentences. (Выберите подходящие по смыслу словосочетания. Запишите получившиеся предложения.)
	 Bears (are as / aren't as) big as elephants. The Thames (is as / isn't as) long as the Volga River. Crocodiles (are as / aren't as) dangerous as snakes. The UK (is as / isn't as) large as the Russian Federation. Moscow (is as / isn't as) famous as Paris. My English (is as / isn't as) perfect as his.
	C
1.	Translate the words and fill in the gaps. Write down the sentences. (Переведите слова и вставьте их вместо пропусков. Запишите получившиеся предложения.) 1) Ann's hair is long and (волнистые) 2) Has she got a (приятное) face? 3) Does your friend (носит очки) every day? 4) What is your (двоюродный брат)? 5) Is Mrs Wilson a very (красивая) woman? 6) My nose is (прямой) but his one is turned-up (курносый).
2.	Fill in the gaps with the appropriate words and write down the

sentences. (Вставьте подходящие слова вместо пропусков и запи-

шите получившиеся предложения.)
1) My mother's is my aunt.
2) My father's parents are my
3) My mother's brother is my
4) My elder sister has got a son. He is my
5) My younger brother has got a daughter. She is my
6) My grandparents have got four little
7) My mother's mother is my
8) My father's father is my

3.	Choose as as or not as as. Fill in the gaps and write down the sentences. (Выберите конструкции as as или not as as. Вставьте их вместо пропусков и запишите получившиеся предложения.)
	1) Paris is big Moscow. 2) The British Museum is famous the Bolshoi Theatre. 3) Some dogs are angry wolves. 4) This legend is ancient that one. 5) Little puppies are funny kittens. 6) Cats are noisy parrots.

Launching the International Explorers' Club - 5



1. Bring the words in correspondence with the right translation. Write down the pairs. (Установите соответствие между словами и их переводом. Запишите получившиеся пары.)

countryside дом (в значении «чей-либо»)

pine замок
pleasant мирный
peaceful приятный
house сосна

castle дом (в значении «здание»)

home сельская местность

2. What is there in the town? Divide the chain into 14 words. Write them down. (Что находится в городе? Разделите цепочку на 14 слов и запишите их.)

Librarypharmacybankstadiummuseumcinemashoppingcenterpostofficesu permarkettheatreparkcaferestaurantmonument.

3. Divide the chain into four names of the houses (Разделите цепочку на четыре названия домов.)

Aterracedhouseadetachedhouseablockofflatsasemidetachedhouse.

- **4.** Write down the sentences. Underline the words *which*, *who*, *that*. (Перепишите предложения. Подчеркните слова *which*, *who*, *that*.)
 - 1) My sisters like to water the flowers which they grow in our garden.
 - 2) I am sure that he knows the details of this accident.
 - 3) They like to read books which they borrow from the school library.
 - 4) I know the girl who plays football better than boys.
 - 5) We hope that they are our friends.
 - 6) The girls who like pets are often very kind.
 - 7) The countryside is a place which is green and quiet.
 - 8) I know the man who is famous for his rare collections.
 - 9) He knows that I am ready for travelling.
- 10) We take care of our nature which is unique.



1.	Choose the appropriate words. Write down the sentences. (Выберите подходящие по смыслу слова. Запишите получившиеся предложения.)
	1) What sights of nature are there in your (side / bright / countryside)? 2) Are all the countries of the world (peaceful / peace / plural)? 3) Is it a (pipe / nine / pine) or an oak? 4) Is the view of this countryside (polite / pleasant / powerful)? 5) Are there any people in the (stone / home / house)? 6) Are your parents at (stone / home / house)? 7) Are there any ancient (capitals / camels / castles) in Britain?
2.	Choose the appropriate words. Write down the sentences. (Выберите подходящие по смыслу слова. Запишите получившиеся предложения.)
	 You can (sorrow / borrow / narrow) books from your school library. At a café people usually can (drink / drop / draw) a cup of coffee. The nearest (theatre / cinema / museum) shows us sometimes foreign films.
	 4) Can you (fly / high / buy) everything you like in your supermarket? 5) Banks are usually (rule / full / hole) of money. 6) Our Town Park is a place where we can have a (rest / test / west) 7) People like to visit stadiums to see an interesting (catch / stretch / match)
	8) There are some interesting (exhibitions / exhibits / exists) in our museum.
	9) The waiters in our restaurant are usually very (light / polite / white) 10) The plays for children at our theatre are always (sunny / honey / funny) 11) The shopping centre is in (hunt / front / ground) of you. 12) There is no this medicine at our (fantasy / pharmacy / formation) 13) You can buy some (hopes / ropes / envelopes) at our post office.
3.	Fill in the gaps with the words. Write down the sentences. (Вставьте вместо пропусков слова. Запишите получившиеся предложения.) 1) has usually got some floors and share side walls. 2) shares a wall. Two families usually live in it. 3) Only one family usually lives in 4) is usually tall. And it has got a lift.
of	Слова для справок: a semi-detached house, a detached house, a block flats, a terraced house.
4.	Fill in the gaps with the appropriate words. Write down the sentences. (Вставьте вместо пропусков подходящие по смыслу слова. Запишите получившиеся предложения.)
	 I see the house (that / which) is very nice. I know the poem (that / which / who) my sister has already learnt by heart.

	 3) Can you see the girl (that / who) is eating an ice-cream? 4) I like the cats (who / that / which) are sitting under the tree. 5) I remember the boys (that / who) are in the park now. 6) Do you know the pupils (which / who) are sitting at the desks?
	C
	 Translate the words мирный, приятный, дом (building), сельская местность, дом (belonging to one), сосна, замок and fill in the gaps. Write down the sentences. (Переведите слова мирный, приятный, дом (в значении «здание»), сельская местность, дом (в значении «принадлежащий кому-либо»), сосна, замок и используйте их для заполнения пропусков. Запишите получившиеся предложения.) 1) There is a nice not far from our town. 2) There are a lot of oaks and in the nearest forest. 3) Some ancient of England are full of ghosts. 4) My is in Pushkin Street. 5) I always do my homework at 6) They look like their mother. Their faces are very 7) We are people. But we have to fight for our Motherland.
	2. Fill in the gaps with the appropriate words. Write down the sentences. (Вставьте вместо пропусков подходящие по смыслу слова. Запишите получившиеся предложения.) 1) There are a lot of books in our school 2) Did you see this medicine in the nearest? 3) Some people like to drink a cup of coffee in a 4) It is better to meet in the centre. 5) What is on in our? 6) His parents go to the every day. They are actors. 7) In our you can buy everything you like. 8) Go to the and send an express telegram. 9) are usually full of money. 10) They cook delicious meals in the nearest 11) There are a lot oaks and pine trees in the town 12) Our local has got some famous pictures. 13) are the places where you can go in for sports. **Caoea \(\pa\alpha\alpha\) cnpaeok: post office, library, bank, pharmacy, restaurant,
	café, shopping, museum, cinema, stadium, theatre, park, supermarket.
12	 3. Describe the house you live in. Begin the sentences with the following words. (Опишите дом (здание), в котором вы живете. Начните предложения следующими словами.) 1) It has got (hasn't got) 2) It is made of 3) It shares (doesn't share) 4) It is situated in 5) It is a tall (not very tall)

	6) There is a (isn't) 7) It is famous for 8) It is decorated with 9) My house is a colour. 10) I like it because
4 .	Complete the sentences using who, which, that. Write them down. (Составьте предложения, используя who, which, that. Запишите получившиеся предложения.)
	1) I like to visit the libraries (be full of books) 2) I like to make friends with the girls (be kind and responsible) 3) I know my Mum (have got a warm heart) 4) We are listening to the teacher (stand in front of us) 5) We hope he will (come to us) 6) We are watching the people (march along the street) 7) We like the roses our aunt (grow in the garden)

Launching the International Explorers' Club - 6



1. Bring the words in correspondence with the right translation. Write down the pairs. (Установите соответствие между словами и их переводом. Запишите получившиеся пары.)

victory ветеран veteran костер in honour of победа

fight for в честь чего-либо (кого-либо) fireworks сражаться за что-либо (кого-либо)

bonfire фейерверк

2. Divide the chain into nine names of our holidays. (Разделите цепочку на девять названий наших праздников.)

Victorydaynewyearchristmasmotherlanddefender'sdaywomen'sdayeaster maydayindependencedaydayofknowledge.

3. Divide the chain into nine names of the English holidays. (Разделите цепочку на девять названий английских праздников.)

Stvalentine'sdayaprilfools'dayeastermothe'rsdayfathe'rsdayhalloweenbank holidaysboxingdaynewyear.

- 4. Write down the sentences. Underline the word combination *not* only ..., but also. (Запишите предложения. Подчеркните словосочетание not only ..., but also.)
 - 1) Our family celebrates not only New Year, but also Christmas and Easter.
 - 2) Last Victory Day we saw not only the holiday salute, but also the great military parade.

- 3) I'll write to my English friend not only about Day of Knowledge, but also about my birthday.
- 4) Victory Day is an important holiday not only for our veterans, but for all the people of Russia.
- 5) On holiday we usually have not only a meeting, but also concerts and bright shows.

B

- 1. Write down the words. Choose an extra word in every chain. (Перепишите слова. Выберите лишнее слово в каждой цепочке.)
 - 1) Victory, veteran, hospital, to fight, honour, memory, wind, to win, monuments, spring, war.
 - 2) Holiday, salute, fireworks, parade, songs, concerts, photos, decoration, waterfall, celebration, flowers, tears.
- 2. Match the sentence with the right holiday. Write down the sentences. (Выберите праздники, соответствующие предложениям. Запишите получившиеся предложения.)
 - 1) Children get presents (Victory Day / Christmas).
 - 2) We have the military parade (Victory Day / Easter).
 - 3) People usually decorate a green tree (Easter / New Year).
 - 4) We buy flowers for women (New Year / Women's Day).
 - 5) We make cakes and paint eggs (Women's Day / Easter).
 - 6) We buy flowers for our teachers (Women's Day / Day of Knowledge).
 - 7) We have meetings and holiday concerts (Easter / Motherland Defender's Day).
 - 8) We celebrate it on 12th June (Day of Knowledge / Independence Day).
- 3. Fill in the gaps with the appropriate names of the holidays. Write down the sentences. (Вставьте вместо пропусков подходящие по смыслу названия праздников. Запишите получившиеся предложения.)
 1) They celebrate St. Valentine's Day on the (fourty / fourteenth) _____ of February.
 - 2) On the first of (April / May) ____ they have ___ Fools' Day.
 - 3) (Easter / New Year) ____ is the holiday of Jesus Christ Resurrection (воскресение).
 - 4) On the fourteenth of March they celebrate (Mother's Day / Mother's Way) ____.
 - 5) The third Sunday of June is (Father's Day / Father's Way) ____.
 - Halloween is a festival that takes place on the (thirty / thirty-first) _____ of October.
 - 7) They celebrate Christmas on the (twenty-fourth / twenty-fifth) ____ of December.
 - 8) On Bank holidays all the people of Britain have got their (walking / working / free) ____ day.
 - 9) They have Boxing (Day / Way / Tray) ____ on the (twenty-sixth / seventh) ____ of December.

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4.	Choose the appropriate word combinations. Some of them are used twice. Write down the sentences. (Выберите подходящие по смыслу словосочетания. В некоторых случаях оба словосочетания являются подходящими. Запишите получившиеся предложения.) 1) He is (not only, but also / not but) a good pupil, a responsible boy. 2) My sister (does not only, but / does not, but) like cats, she likes dogs very much. 3) At Summer Camp we spoke (not but / not only, but also) English, French. 4) My friends (not only, but also / don't but) speak French, they speak English very well. 5) We have (not only, but also / don't but / haven't but) Victory Day in May, May Day. 6) My friend (doesn't have but / haven't but / not only, but also) got angry crocodiles, he has got some angry dogs.
	C
	Fill in the gaps with the appropriate words. Write down the sentences. (Вставьте вместо пропусков подходящие по смыслу слова. Запишите получившиеся предложения.) 1) The 9th of May is a great 2) In 1945 our people won 3) Every year we put flowers on the of the heroes. 4) On the 9th of May we can see the military 5) We can meet the of The Great Patriotic War in the Park of 6) On the 9th of May my Dad usually celebrates 7) In Moscow we usually have the great salute in of our Victory and veterans. 8) Our veterans fought for their 9) Our veterans told us much about the 10) Victory day is a holiday of and
	Fill in the gaps with the appropriate names of the holidays. Write down the sentences. (Вставьте вместо пропусков подходящие по смыслу названия праздников. Запишите получившиеся предложения.) 1) On we usually begin our school year. 2) The first of January is 3) The 8th of March is 4) is a Christian Holiday. 5) We celebrate on the seventh of January. 6) The ninth of May is 7) We celebrate on the twenty-third of February. 8) The 12th of June is our 9) The most popular holidays in our country are 10) People usually send special cards on the

3.	Fill in the gaps with the appropriate names of the holidays. Write down the sentences. (Вставьте вместо пропусков подходящие по смыслу названия праздников. Запишите получившиеся предложения.)		
	1) is the day of sweet hearts. 2) They have All Fools Day on the fi 3) They call the holiday of Jesus Ch 4) Mother's Day is on the fourteent 5) Father's Day is on the third of 6) The main activity for childre 7) is Christian holiday that cel 8) All the people of Britain have the	irst of prist Resurrection as th of en is trick-or-treating. lebrates the birth of Jesus Christ.	
4.	Fill in the gaps with the appropriate word combinations. Some them are used twice. Write down the sentences. (Вставьте вмес пропусков подходящие по смыслу словосочетания. Запишите в лучившиеся предложения.)		
	birthdays.	n play chess well write limericks. n the first of January, on their _ he can dance Irish dances very well a New Year tree, our flat.	
	Spending Time Together – 1, 2		
	A		
1.	Bring the words in correspondence with the right translation. We down the pairs. (Установите соответствие между словами и их реводом. Запишите получившиеся пары.) рrotect несмотря на		
	endangered rare	защищать много	
	various	вид	
	wildlife	насекомое	
	although plenty of	находиться под угрозой вымирания редкий	
	a kind of	различный	
	insect	живая природа	
2.	Divide the chain into four phrases. Write them down and translate.		

(Разделите цепочку на четыре фразы. Запишите их и переведите.)

16 Tofallasleeptocutdowntreestobeluckytogoonrides.

3. Divide the chain into five word combinations. Write them down and translate. (Разделите цепочку на пять словосочетаний. Запишите их и переведите.)

To save endangered an imal sak indeperson over the world to join a club many kinds of things.

4. Divide the chain into six names of board games. Write them down. (Разделите цепочку на шесть названий настольных игр. Запишите их.) Lottodraughtscluedomonopolyscrabblechess.



1. Match the appropriate words and word combinations. Write down the pairs. (Соедините подходящие по смыслу слова и словосочетания. Запишите получившиеся пары.)

protect a part of wild life

endangered a lot of rare nature

various something that happens seldom

wildlife fight for something

although something or somebody in danger

plenty of different a kind of though insect sort

tasty something red, yellow, green

traffic lights unusual story

legend something delicious

2. Match the appropriate word combinations. Write down the pairs. (Соедините подходящие по смыслу словосочетания. Запишите получившиеся пары.)

fall asleep destroy nature be lucky see dreams

go on rides have something fine by chance

cut down trees have much fun
protect nature be ready to answer
take care of pets save plants, animals
go hiking feed, go for a walk
take exams pack rucksacks

3. Match the appropriate word combinations. Write down the pairs. (Соедините подходящие по смыслу словосочетания. Запишите получившиеся пары.)

save endangered animals plenty of sorts

kind person at any place of our planet

all over the world protect wild life

join a club man with a warm heart

many kinds of things become one of the members

- 4. Write down the chains of the words. There is an extra word in every chain. Cross it out. (Перепишите цепочки слов. В каждой из них есть лишнее слово. Зачеркните его.)
 - 1) Chess: a board, figures, elephant, horse, house, king, queen, black.
 - 2) Scrabble: paper, letters, words, think, many, now, make up, new.
 - 3) Monopoly: money, buy, things, toy, rich, expensive, experience, except.
 - 4) Cluedo: pictures, faces, people, look for, killer, detective, usual, to save.
 - 5) Draughts: round, black, board, white, move, version, game, victory, sport.
 - 6) Lotto: choose, numerals, cards, players, plates, take, put, round, game.



- 1. Continue the chains. Write down as many word combinations as possible with the highlighted words. (Продолжите цепочки слов. Запишите как можно больше словосочетаний с выделенными словами.)
 - 1) To protect nature, ...
 - 2) Endangered animals, ...
 - 3) Rare plants, ...
 - 4) Plenty of exotic flowers, ...
 - 5) Different kinds of snakes, ...
 - 6) Various societies, ...
 - 7) A lot of insects, ...
- 2. Choose the appropriate words. Write down the sentences and translate them. (Выберите подходящие по смыслу слова. Запишите получившиеся предложения и переведите их.)
 - 1) He returned early but (fell / full / fill) ____ asleep late.
 - 2) My friend is happy because he is always (lonely / lucky / loudly) ____.
 - 3) They ride not only bikes but also go on (sides / lights / rides) ____.
 - 4) They cut (round / down / town) ____ trees and don't care of nature.
- 3. Choose the appropriate words. Write down the sentences and translate them. (Выберите подходящие по смыслу слова. Запишите получившиеся предложения и переведите их.)
 - 1) It is important to protect nature and (gave / save / wave) ____ our life.
 - 2) My friends have already (logging / joined / jumped) ____ our school "Wildlife Club".
 - 3) The members of "Green Peace Organization" work all over the (word / world / gold) _____.
 - 4) Crocodiles are not very (wild / right / kind) _____.
 - 5) There are ten (kind / kinds / wild) ____ of flowers in our garden.
- 4. Write a story about your favourite board game. The questions will help you. (Напишите рассказ о своей любимой настольной игре. Вопросы помогут вам.)
 - 1) How many persons can play the game together?
 - 2) Can you play it alone?

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3) What do you need to play?

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